

## Loudoun County Parkway and Route 50 Conceptual Interchange Design

Marc Dreyfuss, Transportation Planner

Department of Transportation and Capital Infrastructure

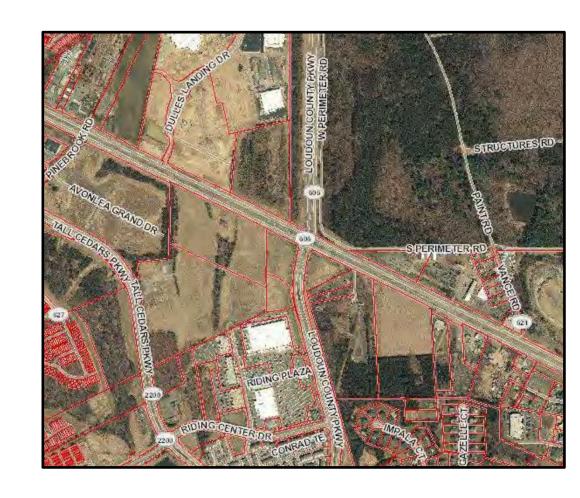
August 30, 2016

Liberty Elementary School



#### **Overview**

- Background
  - CTP Road Network
- Analysis
  - Interim Conditions
- Alternatives
  - Partial Cloverleaf
  - Full Cloverleaf
- Pros and Cons
- Next Steps

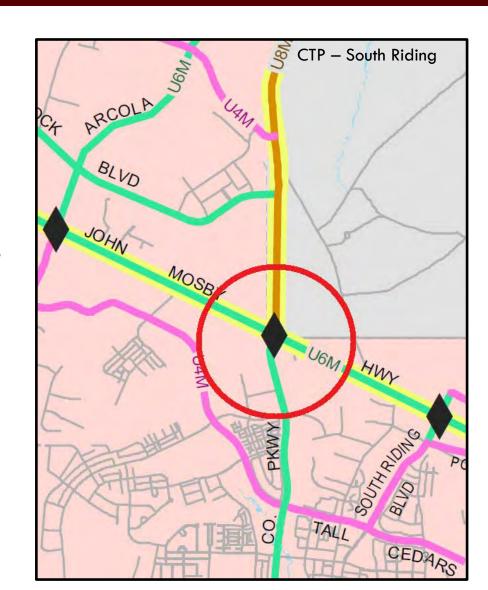




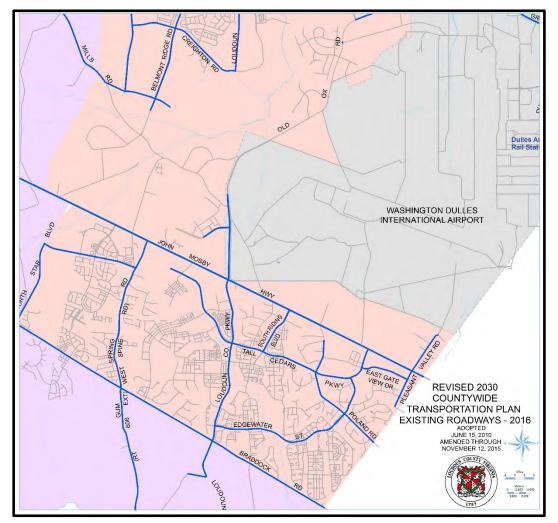


#### **Background**

- Interchange shown on the 2010 Countywide Transportation Plan; on County plans since 1995
- Initial (2006) designs brought to the TLUC in 2013; rejected due to cost, scale, and property impacts
- Western Dulles Access Study (2015) confirmed the need for an interchange
- At July 21, 2016 BOS directed staff to carry forward ParClo and Full Cloverleaf for public input



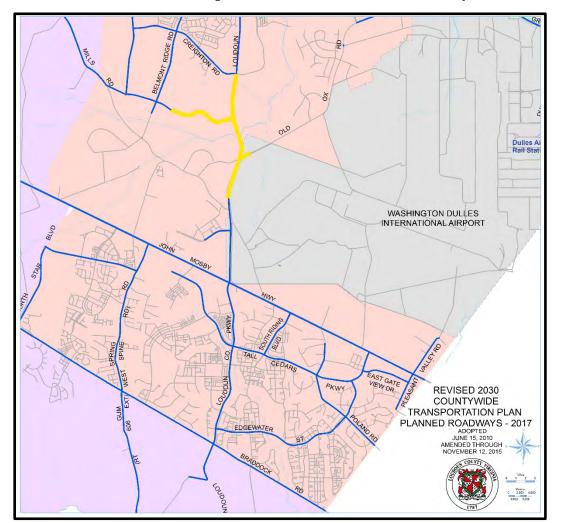
#### Existing (2016) CTP Roadways built to the Interim/Ultimate Condition







#### Planned (2017) CTP Roadway Network (Interim/Ultimate Condition)



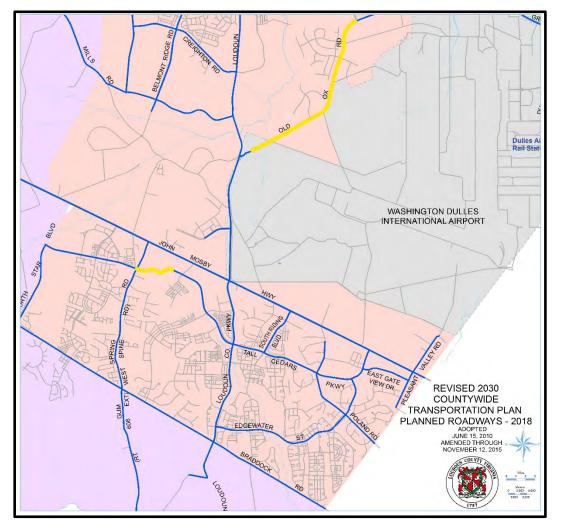


Based upon

 anticipated
 completation date
 of under-construction

 County road projects

#### Planned (2018) CTP Roadway Network (Interim/Ultimate Condition)





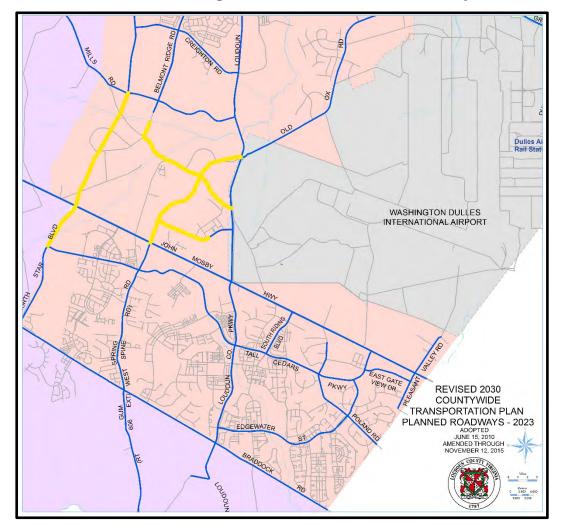
Based upon

 anticipated
 completation date
 of under-construction

 County road projects



#### Planned (2023) CTP Roadway Network (Interim/Ultimate Condition)

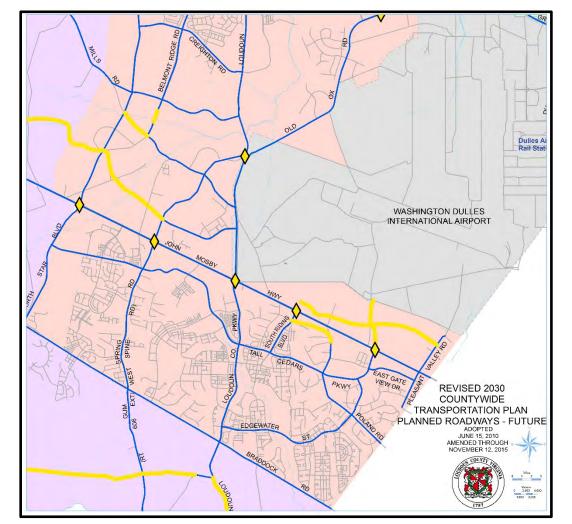




Based upon current (FY2017-FY2022 Capital Improvement Program)



#### Planned (Future) CTP Roadway Network (Interim/Ultimate Condition)

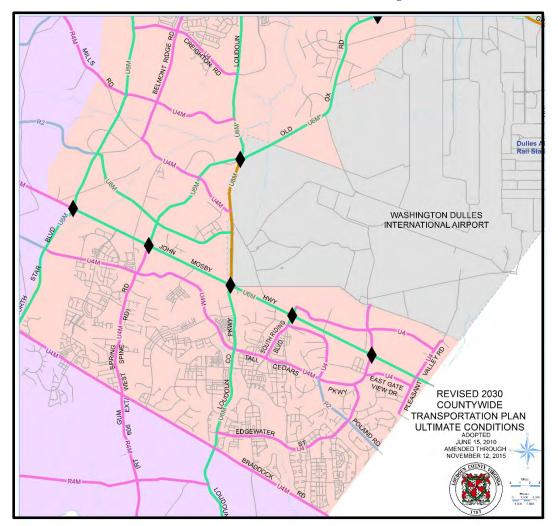




Based upon 2010
 Countywide
 Transportation Plan



#### **Ultimate 2030 CTP Roadway Network**





\* Based upon 2010
 Countywide
 Transportation Plan

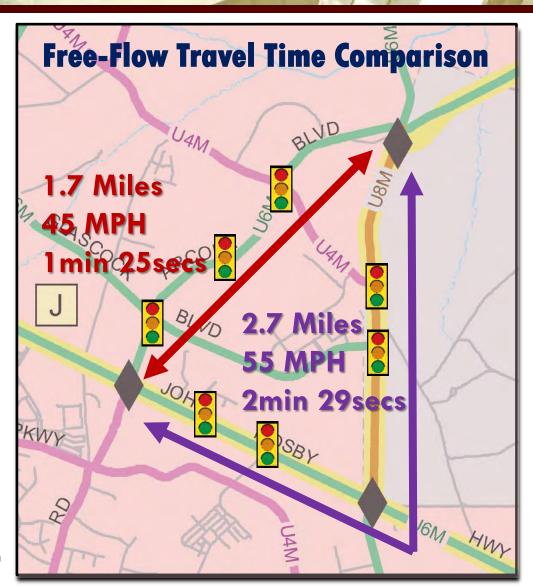


#### **Arcola Boulevard**

- Provides a more direct route from Stone Ridge and Gum Spring Road corridor to Old Ox Road and Ashburn
- Shorter distance than current route (1.7 miles vs 2.7 miles)
- Saves more than a minute (1:04) in free-flow
- Fewer traffic signals than the current route



Based upon 2010
Countywide
Transportation Plan



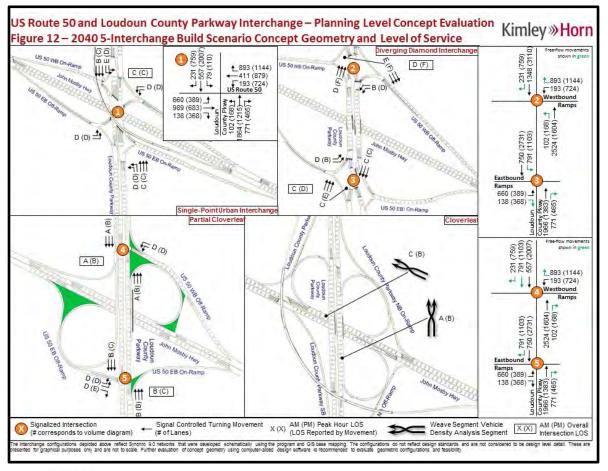


#### **Study Challenges**

- Provide a long term solution to the congestion and delays at this intersection
- Provide access to properties currently accessed from Route 50
- Minimize costs and impacts to property contributing to the tax base







#### **Initial Analysis**

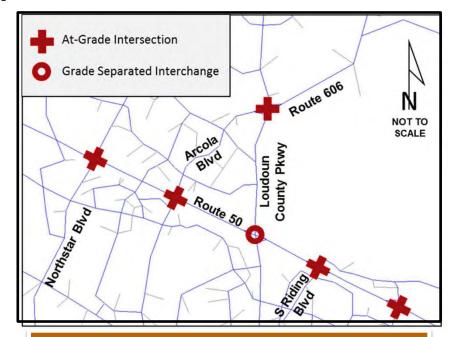
- Four interchange concepts were considered:
  - Modified Single-Point Urban Interchange (SPUI)
  - Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI)
  - Partial Cloverleaf (ParClo)
  - Modified Full Cloverleaf
- ParClo was the only alternative that met all of the objectives: lower costs, reduced impacts, and meets CTP policies.





#### Feedback and Supplemental Analysis

- Two Additional Concepts Considered:
  - Traditional Full Cloverleaf
  - Three-Level Partial Cloverleaf
- Evaluated interim conditions without other interchanges along Route 50
- No significant change in traffic volumes on Route 50 or other roadways
- Without these other interchanges, there is greater dispersion of traffic throughout the network
- The ParClo still functions acceptably under an interim condition



The Board directed staff to move forward with the following options:

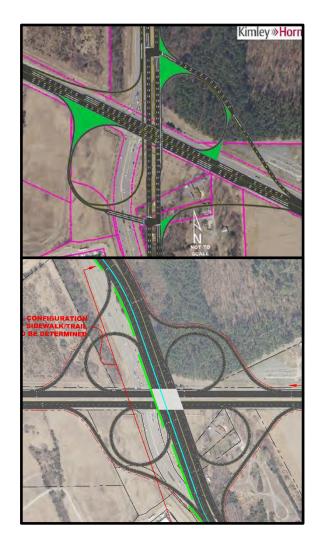
Partial Cloverleaf (ParClo)

Full Cloverleaf

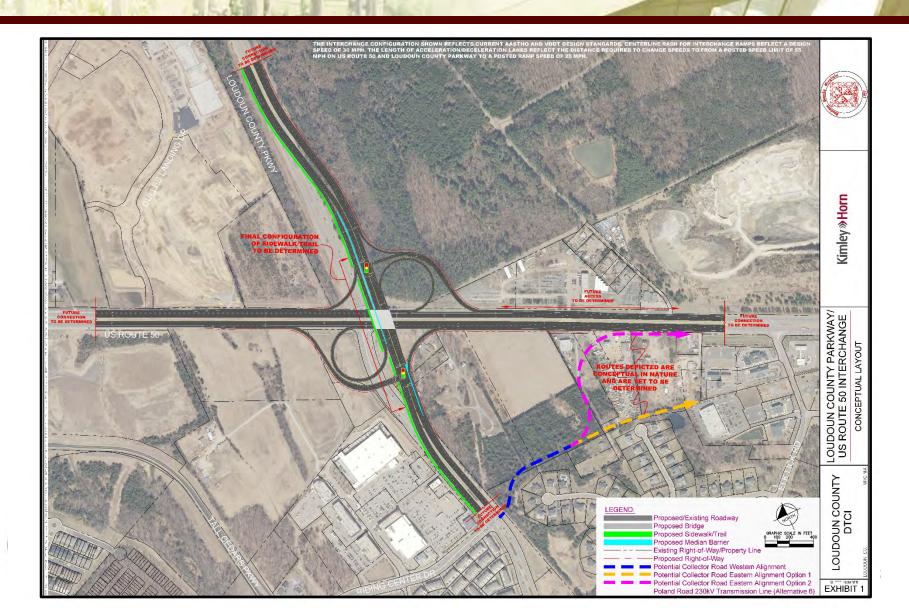


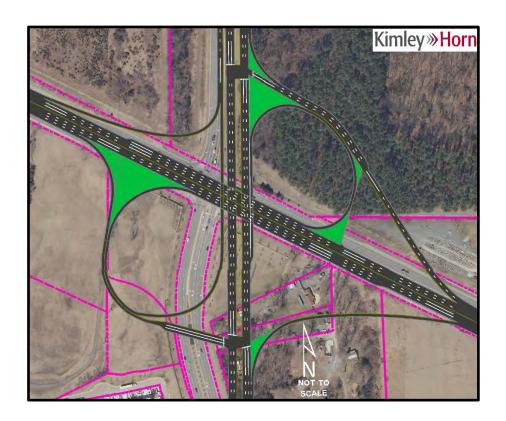
#### Why These Alternatives?

- Both require only a single bridge span lower construction costs
- Both have a low profile design and would have fewer visual impacts
- Both would operate acceptably and improve mobility
- Both are less costly than an interchange with flyover ramps, which traffic analysis indicated was not needed





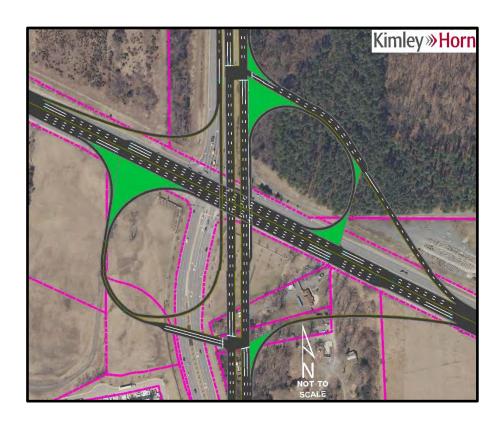




#### ParClo Design

- Provides an opportunity for coordinated traffic flow to minimize delays
- Allows shorter traffic signal cycles than a traditional intersection
- Limited land impacts lower costs and provide more opportunities for development
- No weave/merge conflicts





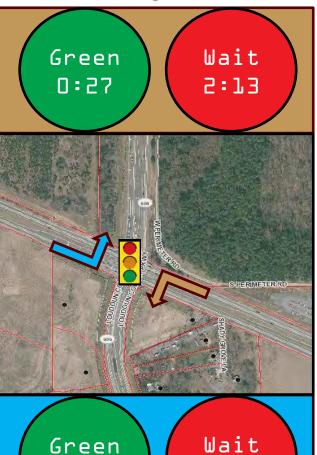
### ParClo at Loudoun County Parkway and Route 50

- Southbound Loudoun County
   Parkway traffic could free-flow
   onto both directions of Route 50
- Primary land impacts are to property already reserved for the interchange (SW corner) and to MWAA land (NE corner)
- Synchronized traffic signals on Loudoun County Parkway
- Two uncontrolled crossing points for bicyclists and pedestrians





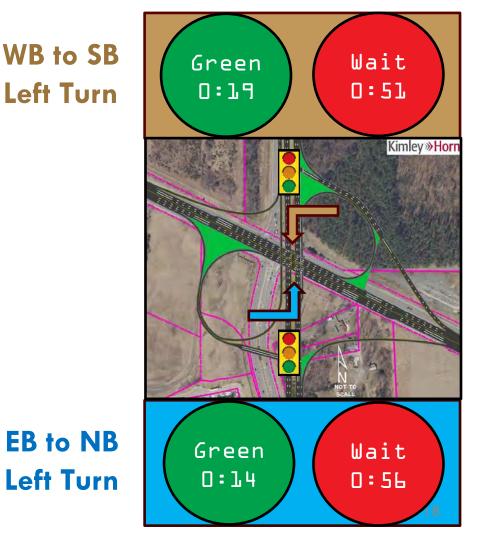
#### Existing (2016)



0:15

EB to NB
2:25
Left Turn

#### **Future ParClo**







#### Existing (2016)

NB Through **Movement** 

#### **Future ParClo**

Green 0:39+ 0:31+ 0:44

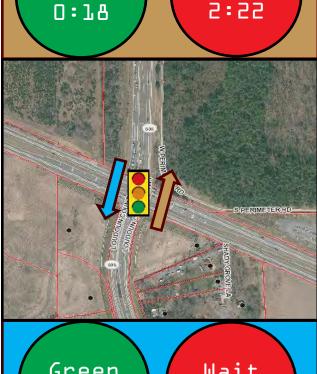
Green 0:39+ 0:44

Wait 0:31+ 0:56

Wait

0:56

Kimley » Horr



Green 0:36

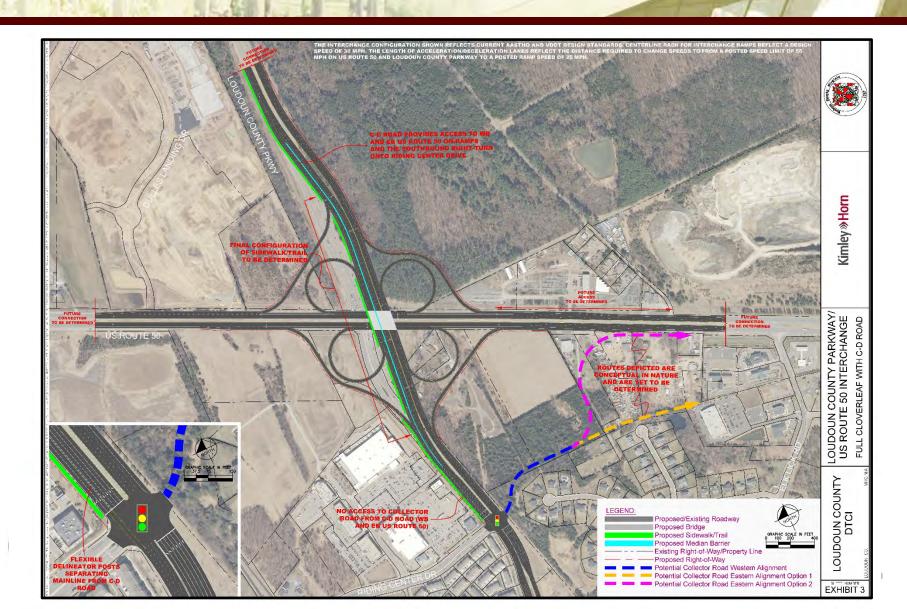
Green

Wait 1:59

Wait

**SB Through Movement** 

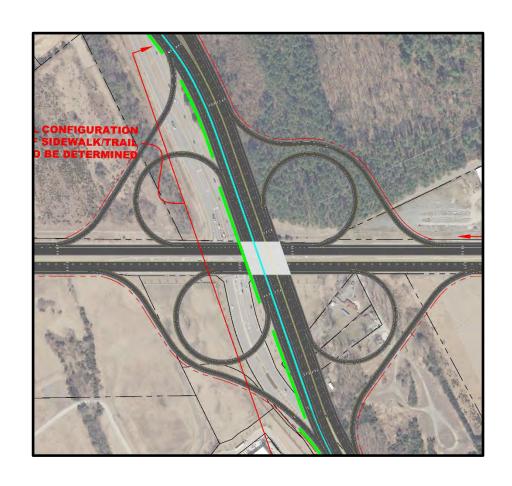






#### **Full Cloverleaf Design**

- Free flow traffic in all directions
- No traffic signals
- Large land area
- Traffic on cloverleaf ramps must weave and merge with other traffic, causing delays and increasing the potential for conflicts







### Full Cloverleaf at Loudoun County Parkway and Route 50

- Collector-Distributor (C-D) local lanes needed on southbound Loudoun County Parkway due to high traffic volumes
- Primary land impacts are to all four quadrants, restricting potential development
- Four uncontrolled crossing points for bicyclists and pedestrians
- Higher costs for land, design, and construction

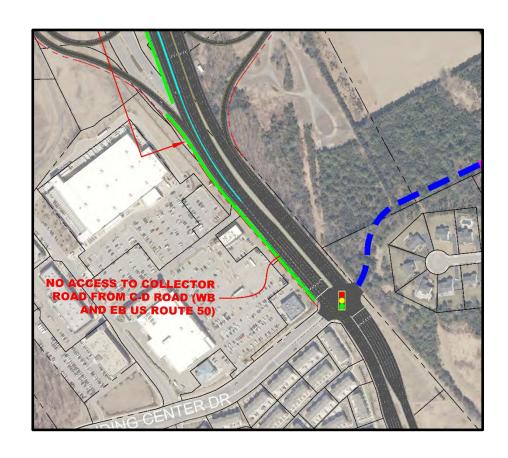






#### Full Cloverleaf Design: Riding Center Drive

- Free-flow ramp is too close to Riding Center Drive; does not meet VDOT standards
- Collector-Distributor (C-D) lane continues through the intersection
- SB Loudoun County Parkway traffic uses C-D lanes to access
   WB Riding Center Drive
- EB Riding Center Drive would not be accessible to traffic from Route 50







#### Similarities of the ParClo and Full Cloverleaf Designs

- Only a single bridge span lower construction costs than a flyover design
  - Low profile design would have fewer visual impacts
  - Shown to operate acceptably and improve mobility through the area









### Pros and Cons of the ParClo and Full Cloverleaf Designs ParClo Full Cloverleaf

- No weave/merge movements
- Traffic signals needed
- Southbound Loudoun County
   Parkway traffic could free-flow
   onto both directions of Route 50
- Less total land impact
- Lower cost than the Full Cloverleaf alternative
- Full access to Riding Center Drive

- Weave/merge movements
- All traffic free-flow
- Collector-distributor (C-D) local lanes required along Loudoun County Parkway
- Greater total land impact
- Higher cost than the ParClo alternative
- Restricts some access from US 50 to Riding Center Drive





#### **Next Steps**

- Board Endorsement of Interchange Concept
- Interchange Justification Report
  - Reviewed by VDOT
  - Includes Public Outreach
- Interchange Design
  - Will determine exact layout of the interchange
  - Includes Public Outreach
- Engineering and Construction







## Loudoun County Parkway and Route 50 Conceptual Interchange Design

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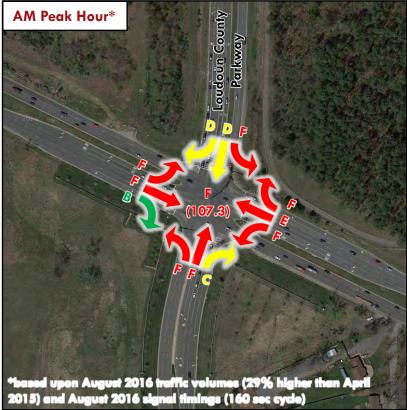
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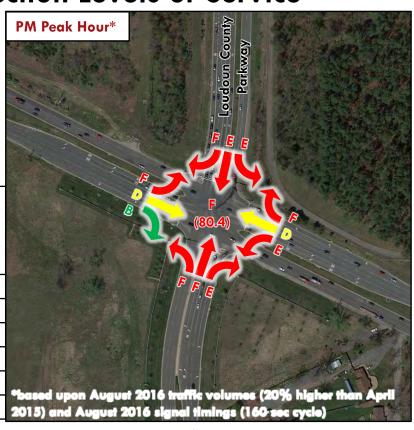




#### Existing (2016) Study Intersection Levels of Service



L O S	Control Delay per Vehicle (seconds per vehicle)
Α	≤ 10
В	> 10 – 20
С	> 20 – 35
D	> 35 – 55
E	> 55 – 80
F	> 80





A LOS by movement

A Overall Intersection

(9.9) LOS (Delay)