Loudoun County Land Use Scenario Planning Study

Board of Supervisors Presentation – Project Overview & Preliminary Findings September 16, 2015



How Did We Get Here?









Overview of Alternative Development Scenarios *Our role is to empower others to make more informed decisions about their future.*

01 Where are we now?

internal d

TREND

 community assessments
 participant values and preference
 key decision criteria/performance measures for evaluating choices
 past trends
 previous commitments

market realities

PLAYING IN A Virtual Sandbox

Scenario planning offers an overall process, analysis tools, and partnering strategy to share information and make more-informed decisions about the future.

Participants will be asked to contemplate their vision of the most livable study area, and the project team will measure their impacts and evaluate the trade-offs associated with competing scenarios. The scenarios themselves are factous stories about the future. They are not forecasts or predictions, but possible futures that could come to pass based on what already exists, emerging trends, or the community's desires to change course for the future. The essential requirement of any growth scenario is that it be plausible, within the realm of what exists or what could be.

Information from the scenario planning process will be shared with key decision-makers and project implementers to develop a shared vision, preferred growth scenario map, and supporting recommendations for the forthcoming Loudon County Comprehensive Plan Amendment.

04

Where do we want to be?

BUILD SCENARIO PLANNING TOOLS

0

· community wo

BACKGROUND

02 How do we make decisions?

scenario testing software
anticipated growth totals
statistical models
forecasting tools

0

we going?

evaluate conditions at build-out of the study area based on currently adopted plans

05 ACTION PLAN

OPT 1 OPT 2 OPT 3

ALTERNATIVE GROWTH

SCENARIOS

How do we get there?

goals, strategies, and ac
 agendas and priorities
 documentation

SCENARIO PLANNING PROCESS OVERVIEW

Alternative Development Scenarios



Trend Development



Centers



Housing Choices



Workshop









Our Starting Point...

Development scenarios are fictitious stories about the future. They are not forecasts or predictions, but possible futures that could come to pass based on what already exists, emerging trends, or community desires to change course for the future. The essential requirement for any growth scenario is that it be plausible, within the realm of what exists or what could be.

We Need to Keep in Mind...

Street Network Concept Maps

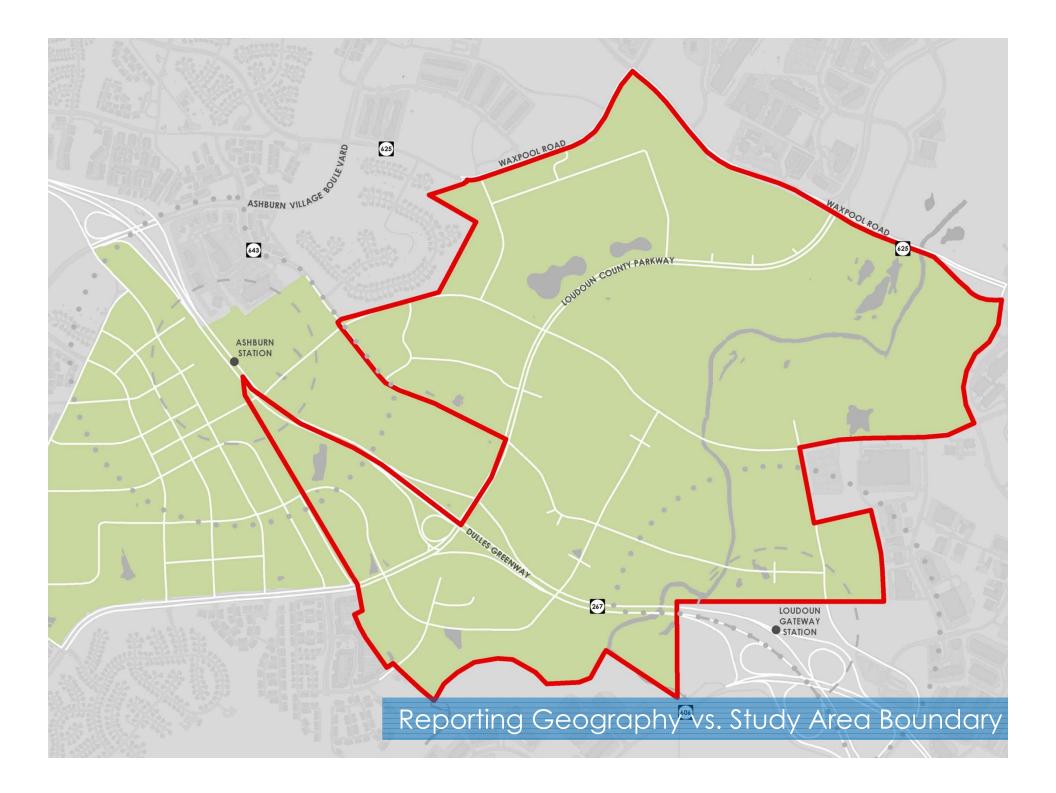
The street network concepts for all three development scenarios are for illustrative purposes only, and were created solely for testing different development types, patterns and intensities in the Loudoun County Land Use Scenario Planning Study.

An actual future roadway network for the study area, or specific road alignments in the study area, will vary from the concept map and depend on the future land use plan and any appropriate revisions to the Countywide Transportation Plan.

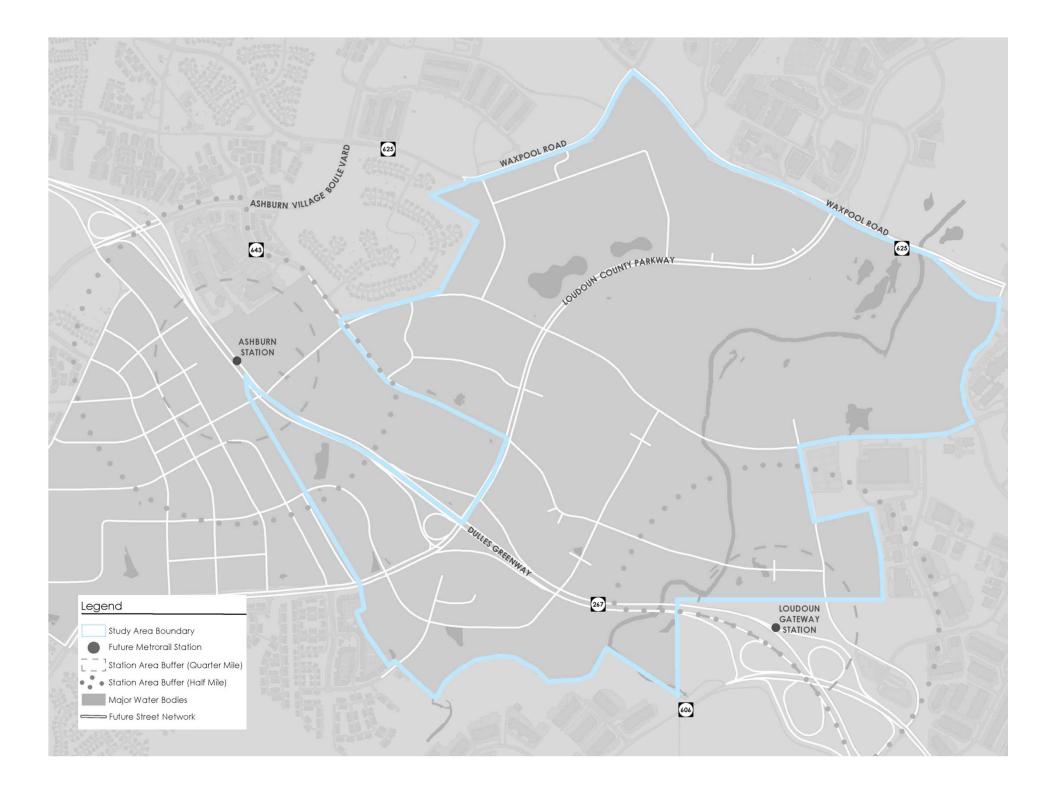
Growth Concept Maps

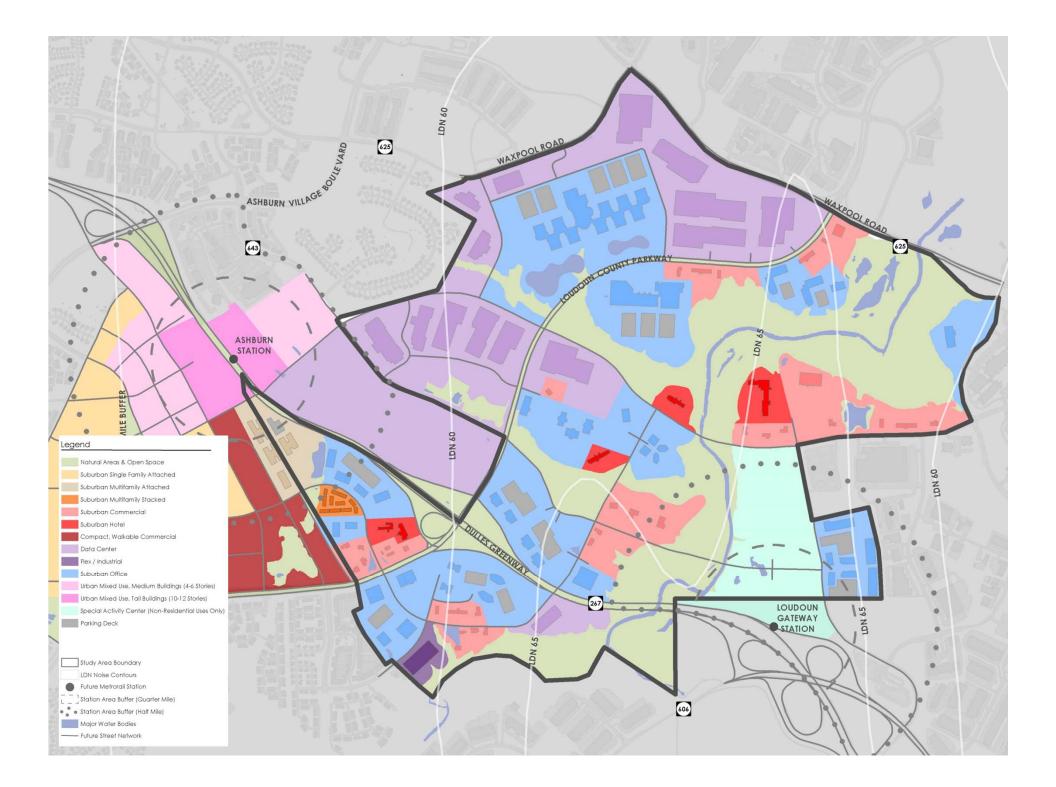
The growth concept maps for all three development scenarios are for **illustrative purposes only**, and created solely for testing different development types, patterns and intensities in the Loudoun County Land Use Scenario Planning Study.

It is not intended to be something officially supported by the Loudoun County Board of Supervisors (or any county department participating in the scenario planning study) beyond the purpose stated above.



Trend Development Scenario

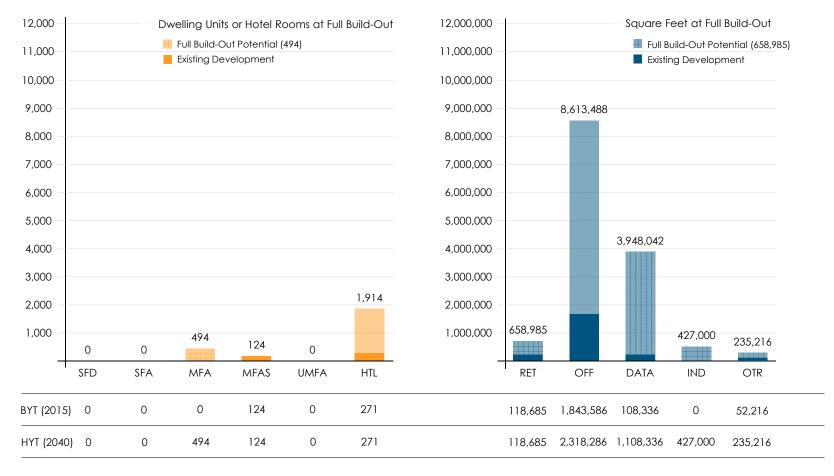




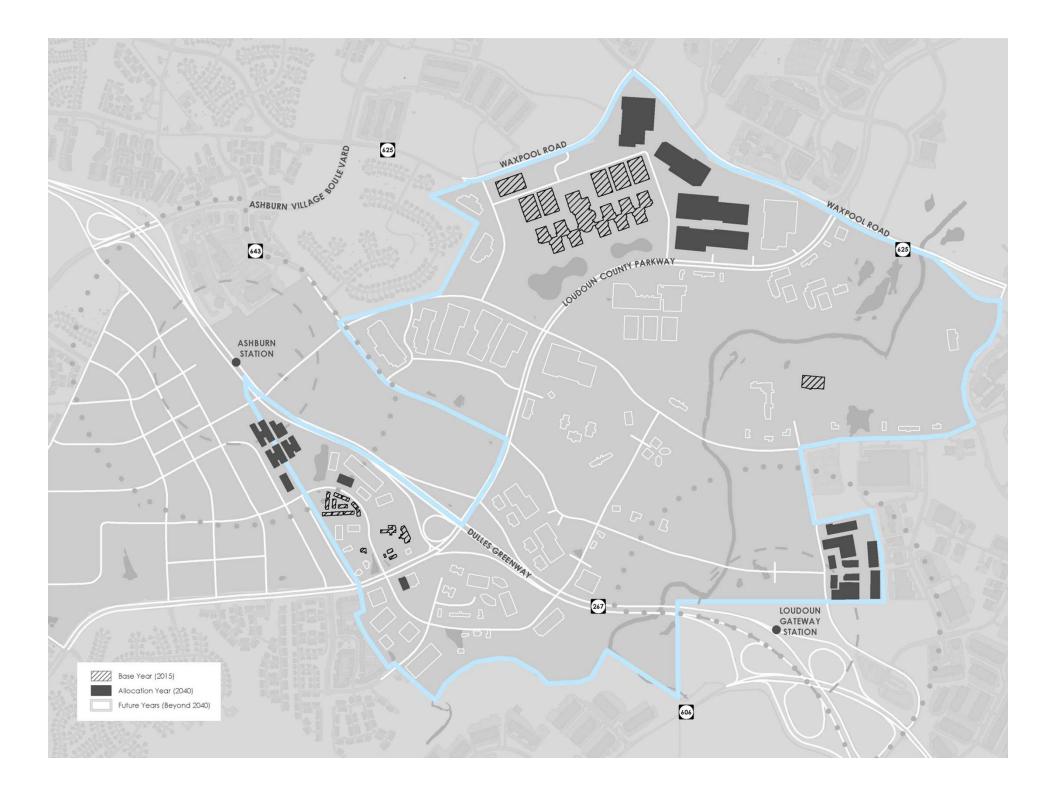


Aerial View of the Study Area (looking north) from Above Dulles International Airport Runway L1

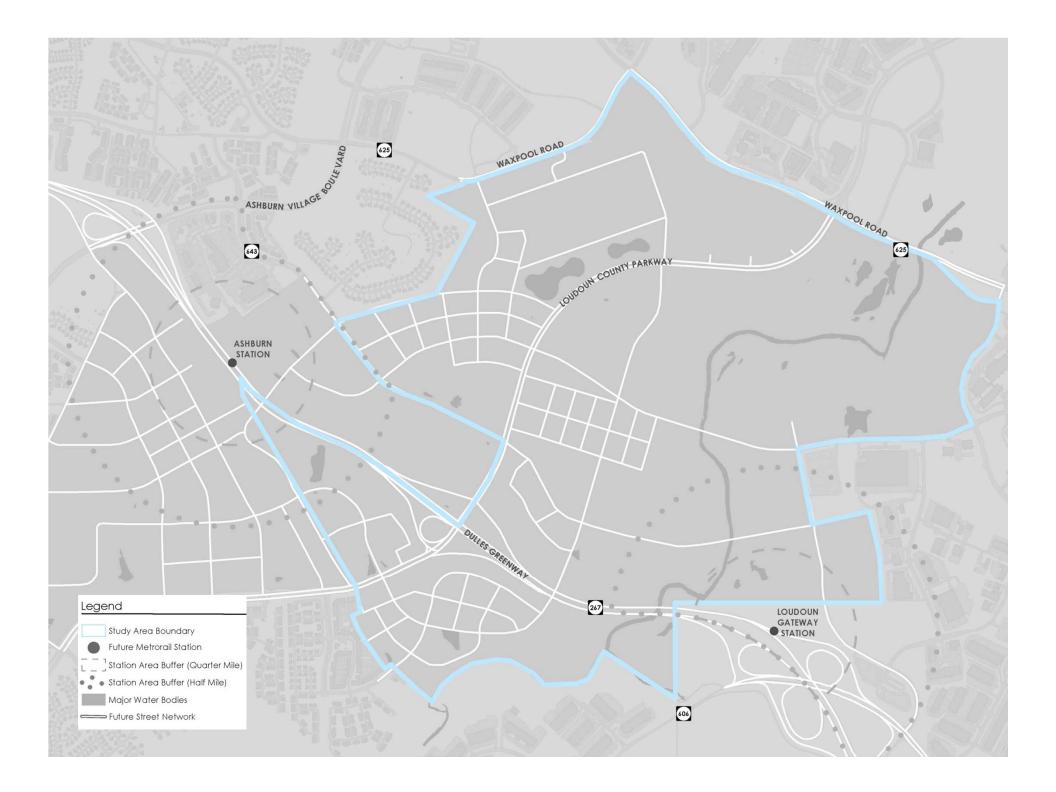


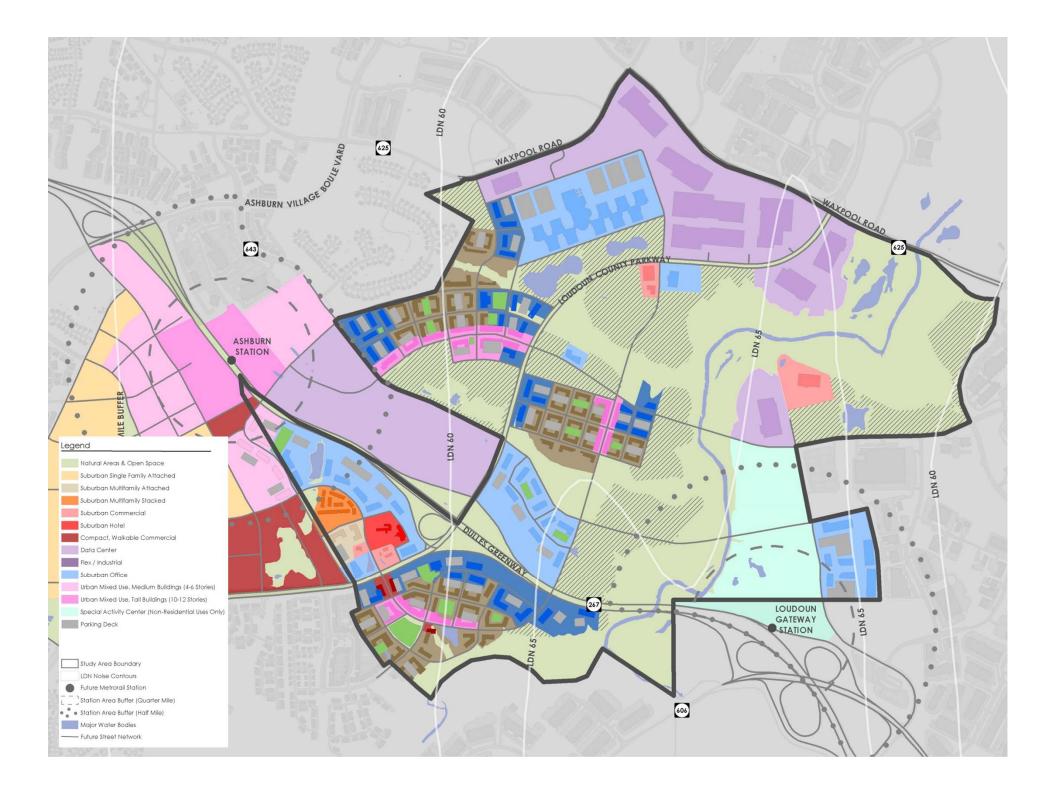


Development Program:



Compact Development Scenario





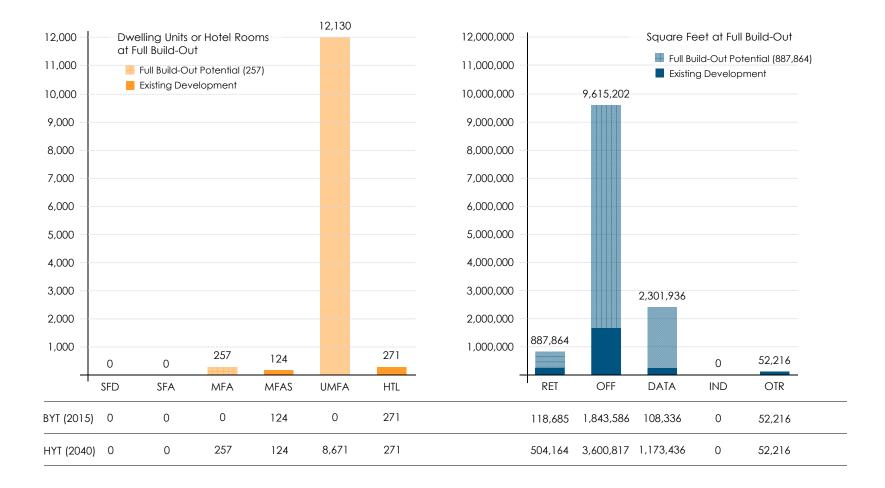


Aerial View of the Study Area (looking north) from Above Dulles International Airport Runway L1



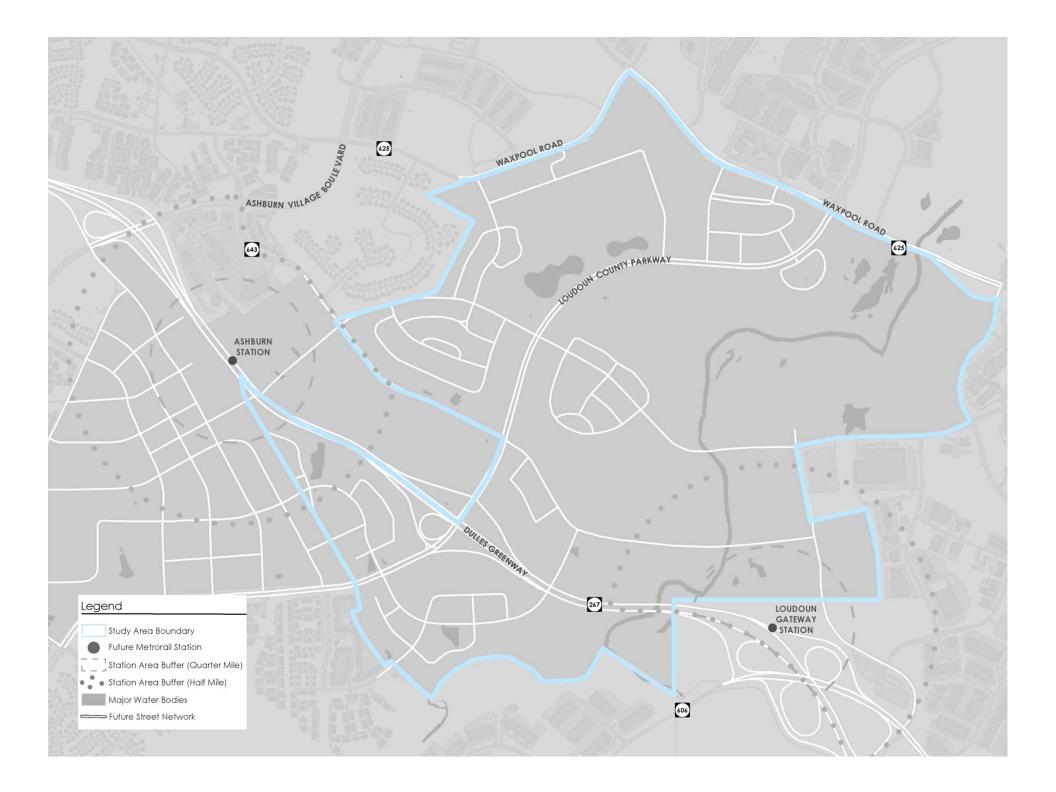
Abundance of Greenspace Throughout

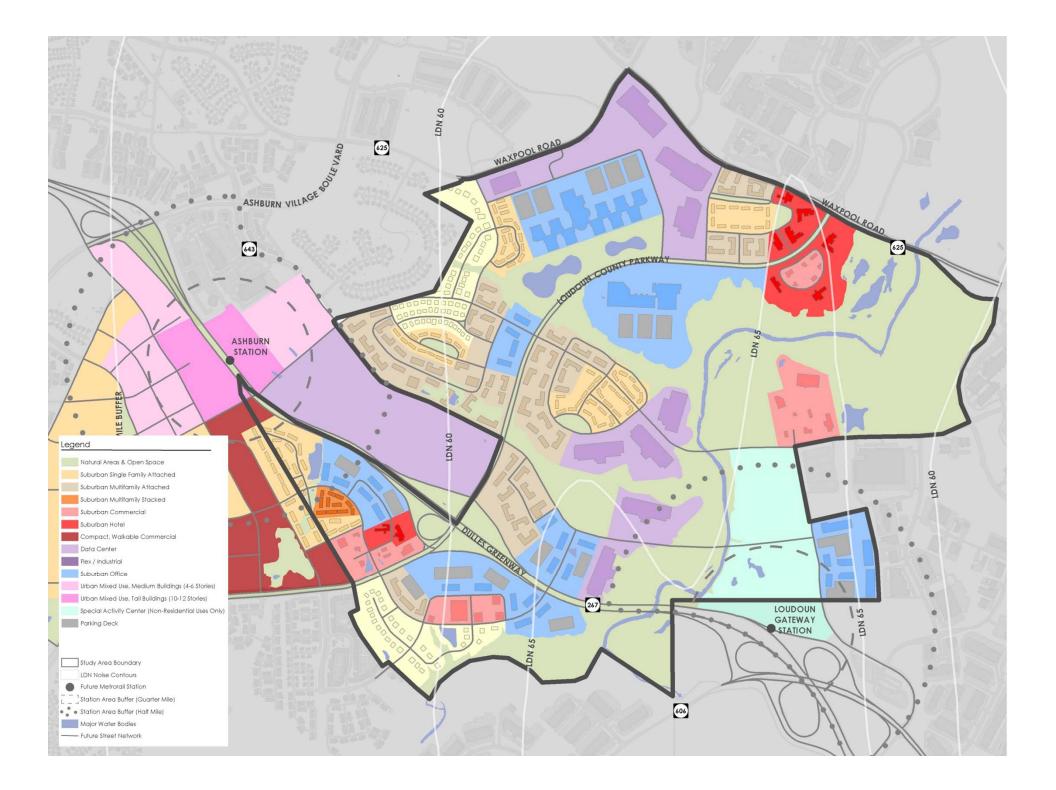
Tall Mixed-Use Buildings in Each Designated Activity Center (Main Street)





Housing Choices Development Scenario





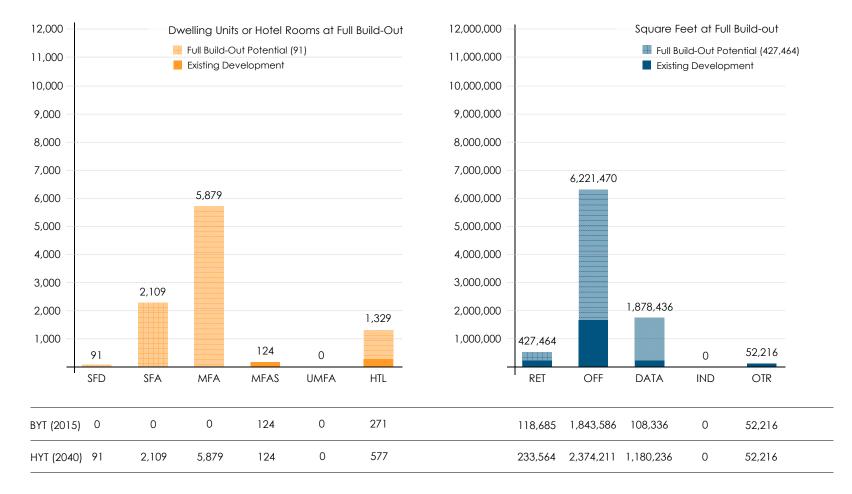


Aerial View of the Study Area (looking north) from Above Dulles International Airport Runway L1

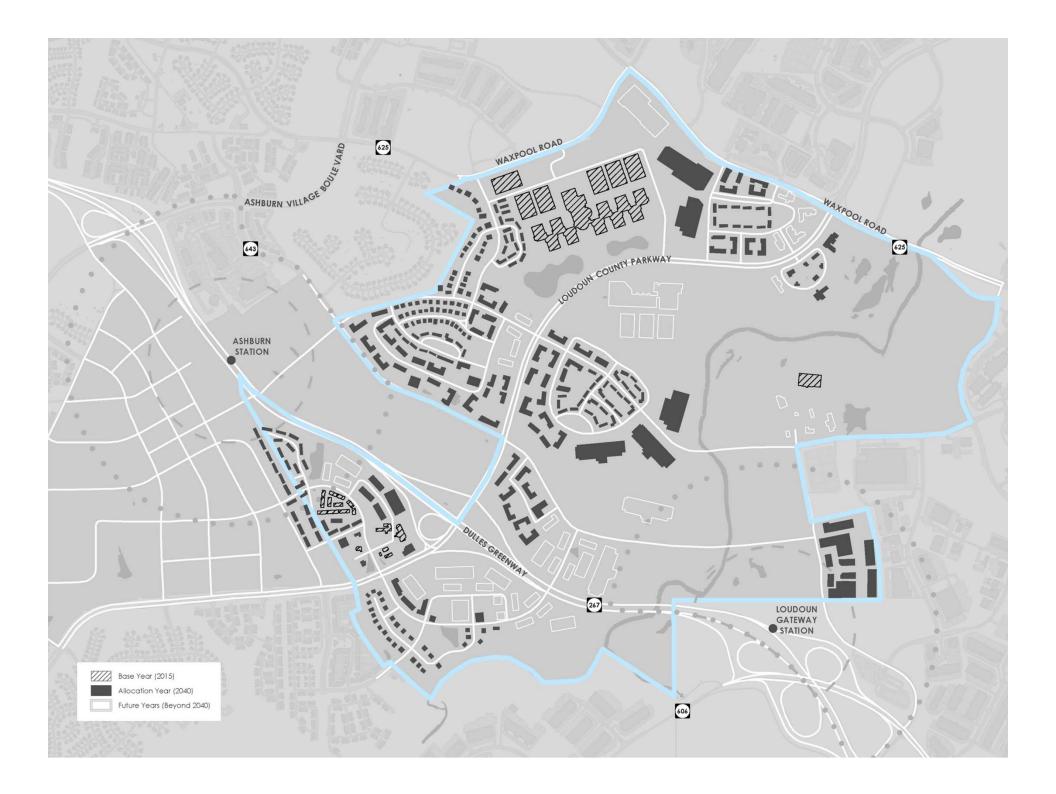


Suburban Single Family Neighborhoods

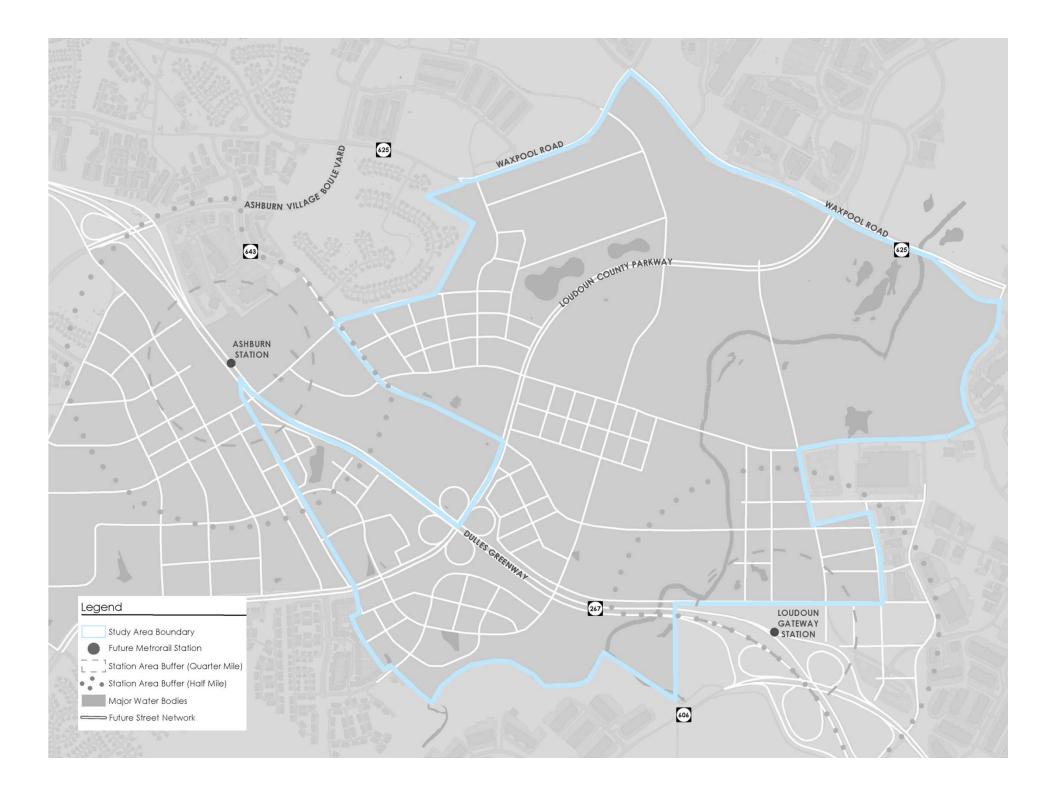
Mid-Rise Office Buildings w/ Surface Parking

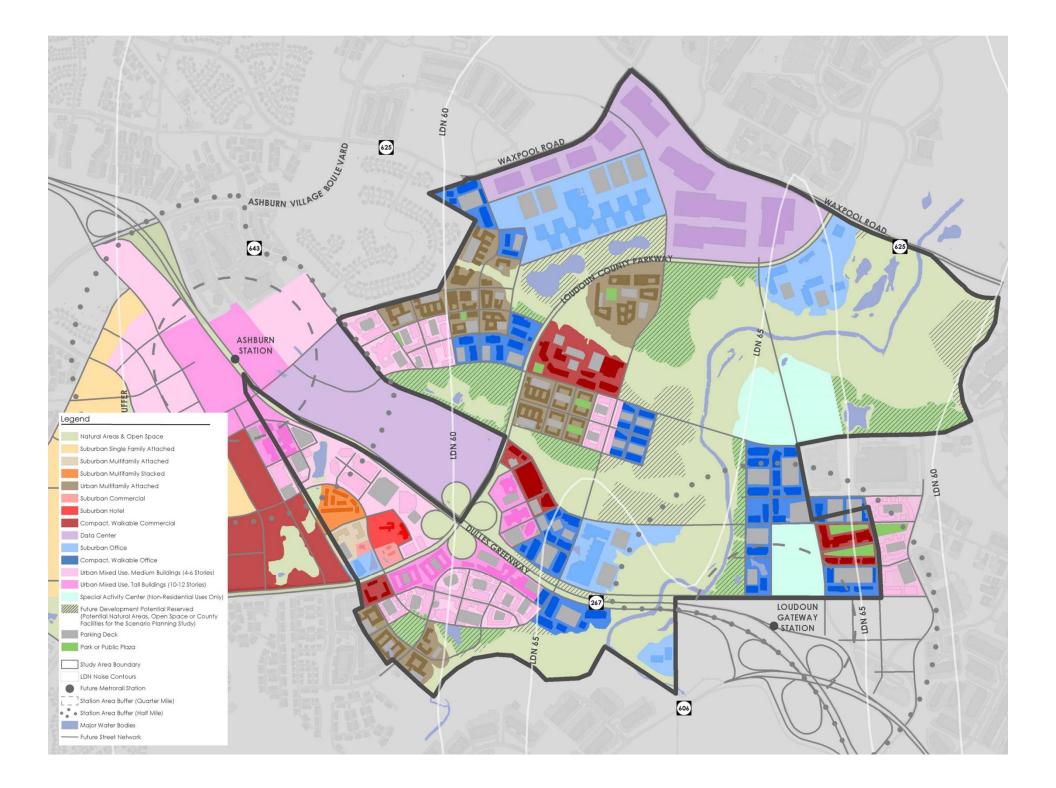


Development Program:



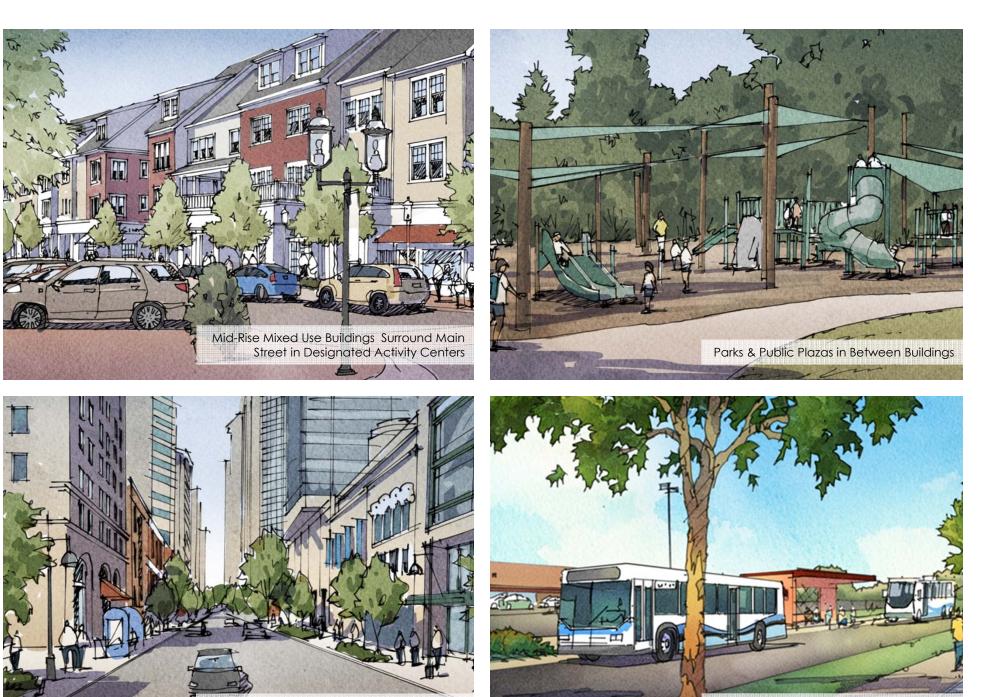
Community Workshop Development Scenario





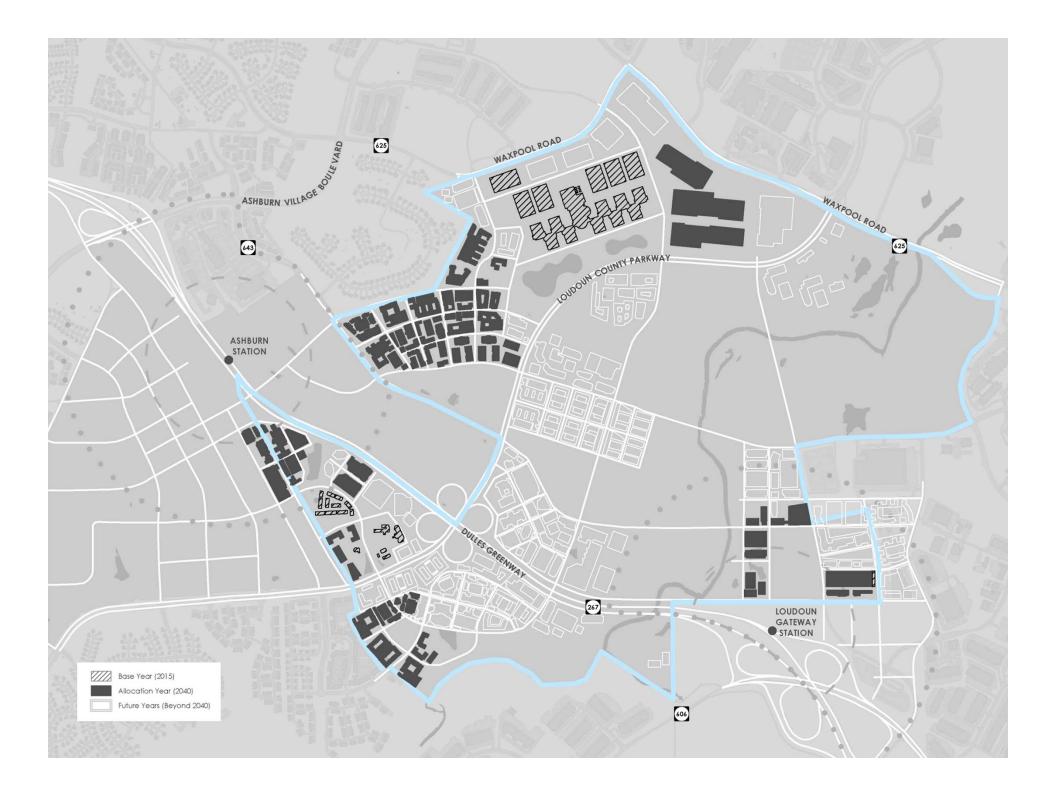


Aerial View of the Study Area (looking north) from Above Dulles International Airport Runway L1



Tall Mixed-Use Buildings in Each Designated Activity Center (Main Street) Efficient Transit Service Between Metrorail Stations & Designated Activity Centers





Development Scenario Report Card (Initial Draft)

Measuring Impacts & Evaluating Trade-Offs

Ten Performance Measures...

- 1 Cost of Facilities & Services
- 2 Potential Tax Revenue
- 3 Trip Generation & Vehicle Miles Travel (VMT)
- 4 Accessibility to Transit
- 5 Transit Feasibility & Efficiency

- 6 Walkable & Active Street Frontage
- 7 Number of Students
- 8 Type & Number of Jobs
- 9 Jobs to Households Ratio
- 10 Housing Affordability (Choices)
- 11 Total Dwelling Units
- 12 Average Residential Density
- 13 Dwelling Units in LDN 60
- 14 Potential Metro Tax District Revenue
- 15 Acres of Open Space

Potential Revenue & Expenditures (2040)

	ВУ	TD	CD	НС	CW
Potential Tax Revenue	\$12.8 M	\$43.7 M	\$98.9 M	\$85.3 M	\$103.0 M
Cost of Facilities & Services	\$4.1 M	\$10.6 M	\$48.7 M	\$60.5 M	\$52.8 M
Net Revenue Potential	\$8.7 M	\$33.1 M	\$50.2M	\$24.8 M	\$50.2M
Metro Tax District Revenue	\$0.6 M	\$1.9 M	\$7.5 M	\$6.7 M	\$8.2 M

BY = Base Year (2015) TD = Trend Development Scenario CD = Compact Development Scenario HC = Housing Choices Development Scenario

CW = *Community Workshop Development Scenario*

Transportation System (2040)

	ВҮ	TD	CD	НС	cw
Vehicle Trip Generation (new daily trips)	10,500	20,100	51,800	45,400	52,000
Vehicle Miles Traveled (% net increase, 2010 to 2040)	N/A	94%	97%	96%	%
Accessibility to Transit (# of res within ¼-mile of bus)	N/A	1,220	16,360	17,115	18,100
Transit Efficiency (service frequency & cost per boarding)	Very Low	Low	High	Medium	High
Walkable / Active Street Frontage	0 mi.	0 mi.	28.5 mi	0 mi.	47.5 mi.

BY = Base Year (2015)

TD = Trend Development Scenario

CD = Compact Development Scenario

HC = Housing Choices Development Scenario

CW = Community Workshop Development Scenario

Desirable Land Use Patterns (2040)

	ВҮ	TD	CD	НС	CW
Total Dwelling Units	124	618	9,053	5,887	10,309
Avg. Residential Density	19.1 du/ac	17.8 du/ac	56.7 du/ac	18.7 du/ac	41.3 du/ac
Dwelling Units in LDN 60	0	0	3,141	5,445	1,963
Housing Affordability	Limited	Limited	Choices	Choices	Choices
Acres of Open Space	419 ac	419 ac	694 ac	518 ac	514 ac
Number of Students	29	142	2,082	1,411	2,371

Employment Opportunities (2040)

	ВУ	TD	CD	НС	CW
Number of Jobs	5,576	13,632	21,292	13,851	20,211
Mix of New Jobs	OFF / DATA	OFF / DATA	RET / OFF / DATA	RET / OFF / DATA	RET / OFF / DATA
Jobs-to-Housing Ratio	44.97 j/hh	22.05 j/hh	2.35 j/hh	2.35 j/hh	1.96 j/hh

BY = Base Year (2015) TD = Trend Development Scenario CD = Compact Development Scenario HC = Housing Choices Development Scenario

CW = *Community Workshop Development Scenario*

Reaching a Preferred Development Scenario
Things for the Board to Consider...

Items to Consider Moving Forward:

- long-term market opportunities vs. short-term market realities
- mounting pressure for residential development & what to do (if anything) about LDN policies
- street design standards & construction policies (suburban vs. urban treatments)
- development phasing requirements (or triggers) vs. long-term development mix
- Prioritize four study objectives: potential revenue & expenditures, transportation system, desirable land use pattern & employment opportunities